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Subject: Gen IV Reactor Materials

## Advanced Fuel Cycle Initiative

## **Letter Report on Gen IV Reactor Materials:**

The Generation IV Reactor Program proposes six innovative nuclear energy systems. These are a gascooled fast-reactor (GFR) system, a lead alloy-cooled reactor (Pb Alloy), a molten-salt reactor (MSR) system, a sodium liquid-metal-cooled reactor system (Na LMR), a supercritical water-cooled reactor (SCWR) system, and the very high temperature reactor (VHTR) system. All these systems pose unique conditions on reactor materials such as very high temperatures, very high doses, corrosive conditions, and high pressures. A high-temperature reactor materials workshop held in March 2002 proposed the principal structural materials for each of these reactor concepts [1]. In addition, a recent survey of materials needs was performed specifically for the VHTR reactor concept [2]. This letter report summarizes the materials needs for Gen IV reactor systems combined with those for the accelerator-driven system (ADS).

The expected operating temperature ranges for the Generation IV Reactor and the accelerator-driven systems are summarized in Table 1 from reference [1]. For such operating temperatures, a range of materials may be suitable for use as listed in Table 2. Many of these materials have not been tested under prototypic Generation IV Reactor or ADS conditions of proton/neutron spectrum and irradiation temperature. To test some of these prototypic conditions, specimens are being included in an irradiation campaign at the SINQ 590-MeV accelerator at the Paul Scherrer Institute called STIP (SINQ Target Irradiation Program). In addition, specimens previously irradiated at the Fast-Flux Test Facility will be tested. To test other materials and conditions, future irradiations will be needed at accelerators or fast reactors.

## References:

- 1. Allen, T. *et al.*, *Higher Temperature Reactor Materials Workshop*, ANL-02/12, Argonne National Laboratory, 2002, pp. 1-58.
- 2. Baccaglini, G. et al., Very High Temperature Reactor (VHTR): Survey of Materials Research and Development Needs to support Early Deployment, INEEL/EXT-03-00141, INEEL, 2003, pp. 1-52.

## Distribution:

None

**Table 1. Principal Primary Operating Temperature Ranges for Generation IV Reactor Concepts and Accelerator-Driven Systems** 

Low Temperature (<350°C)		
Integral Primary System Reactors		
Simplified BWR's		
Evolutionary Pressure Tube Reactors		
High-Conversion LWRs		
Intermediate Temperatures (~350-600°C)		
Supercritical LWRs-Thermal and Fast		
Sodium-cooled LMRs		
Lead/Lead-Bismuth Cooled LMRs		
Accelerator Driven Systems (ADS)		
Intermediate-to-High Temperatures (~600-900°C)		
Lead/Lead-Bismuth Cooled LMRs		
Molten Salt Fueled Reactors		
Prismatic Gas-Cooled Reactors		
Pebble Bed Gas-Cooled Reactors		
Gas-Cooled Fast Reactors		
High Temperatures (>900°C)		
Very High Temperature Gas-Cooled Reactors		
Molten Salt Cooled Reactors		
Gas Fueled Reactors		

**Table 2. Potential Nuclear Applications for some Materials Systems** 

Alloy	Description	Potential
		Application
<b>Austenitic Alloys</b>		
316L and 304L	316L has slightly more nickel than	Pb alloy, Na-LMR (metal
stainless steels	304L, which adds some more	and MOX)
	stability to the austenite phase	
F/M Alloys		
HT-9	12Cr-1MoVW	VHTR, ADS, Na-LMR
		(metal), SCWR-thermal,
		SCWR-Fast
Mod 9Cr-1Mo (T91)	Developed after HT-9 and has lower	VHTR, ADS, Na-LMR
	chrome to decrease formation of	(metal), SCWR-thermal,
	irradiation induced α'	SCWR-Fast
T91-TMT,	A thermo-mechanical treatment used	VHTR, ADS, Na-LMR
	to improve properties	(metal), SCWR-thermal,
		SCWR-Fast
9Cr-2WVTa	A low activation T91 alloy in which	VHTR, ADS, Na-LMR
	Mo is replaced by V and Ta	(metal), SCWR-thermal,
		SCWR-Fast

Alloy	Description	Potential		
		Application		
HCM12A (T122), HCM12, NF616 (T92). E911, A21 nitrogen modified 9Cr	Slight variations of T91 to improve properties	VHTR, ADS, Na-LMR (metal), SCWR-thermal, SCWR-Fast		
F82H	~7.5Cr2W-Low activation alloy	VHTR, ADS, Na-LMR (metal), SCWR-thermal, SCWR-Fast		
ODS Strengthened F/M alloys	Oxides added to improve high-temperature strength and creep resistance.	VHTR, ADS, Na-LMR (MOX), Na-LMR (metal), SCWR-thermal, SCWR-Fast		
EP 823	Russian developed F/M steel with high Si	LBE target, Pb alloy		
Refractory Metals				
Tantalum	High-density material with high ductility at room temperature	ADS target, LBE containment, Pb alloy reactor		
Tungsten	High-density material with low ductility at room temperature	ADS target		
Mo (TZM)	Machinable high-strength refractory alloy	MSR		
Nb-1Zr		MSR		
Nickel Superalloys				
Inconel 718, 800, 690, 625	Corrosion resistant with high- strength at high temperatures	ADS window, VHTR, GFR, SCWR-thermal, SCWR-Fast		
INOR-8	High Mo Nickel based alloy	MSR, GFR		
Ceramic/Ceramic Composites				
Graphite		VHTR, MSR		
Carbon/Carbon Composites	High-strength composite material, low oxidation resistance, brittle	VHTR, GFR		
SiC/SiC Composites	High-strength composite material, brittle	VHTR, GFR		